

## WHAT IS THE REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY 2021+

- National strategic document
- Responding to the EU regional policy
- Setting the regional policy objectives for the period of 7-10 years
- Creating conditions for urban and rural development
- Defining the regions to be supported by the state
- Proposing measures that respond to the potential and specificity of regions
- Setting the indicators for monitoring the regional disparities
- Evaluating the efficiency of regional policy

## WHAT WILL THE NEW RDS 21+ BRING?

**To the state administration**  
a roadmap for the implementation of tailor-made solutions for various types of territory in the framework of policies of individual ministries

**To the region**  
a definition of main directions of regional policy in a mid-term perspective which may serve as starting points for the regions

**To the municipality**  
information on where and how the regional policy of the state will help the municipalities

**To the citizen**  
information on the steps planned to be taken by the state to improve the quality of life

**Legal framework:**  
Act on regional development support  
(Act No 248/2000 Coll.)

**For more information see:**  
[www.mmr.cz](http://www.mmr.cz)  
[www.uzemnidimenze.cz](http://www.uzemnidimenze.cz)  
[www.risy.cz](http://www.risy.cz)  
[www.obcepro.cz](http://www.obcepro.cz)  
[www.restartregionu.cz](http://www.restartregionu.cz)



**RDS21+**  
Regional Development Strategy

*Each region has its own needs and unique potential*

*#ForBetterRegions*

**CZECH REPUBLIC**



# WHAT THEY SHOULD BE LIKE...

## Metropolitan areas



- Globally competitive and attractive
- With good transport connections to the European cities and Czech regions
- Efficiently using space for its development

## Agglomerations



- Thriving regional centres
- Well connected by transport to nearby and remote settlements
- Adapted to climate change

## Economically stable regional centres



- Creating conditions for the development of economy
- With transport accessibility and quality amenities
- Taking care for the environment and sustainable development

## Structurally affected regions



- With a good quality of life and a healthy environment
- Economically revived and with an adequate offer of quality jobs
- Without unused brownfields and areas after mining

## Economically and socially disadvantaged territories



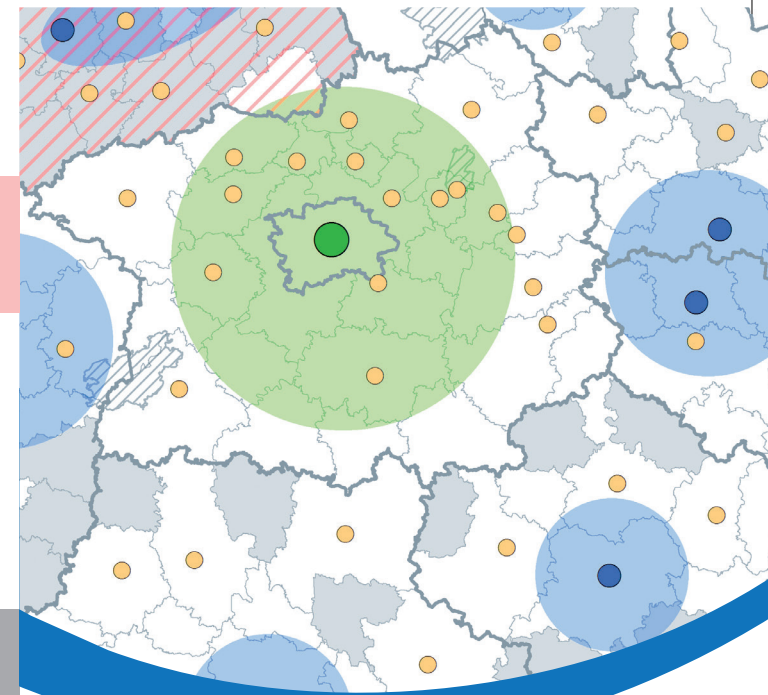
- Creating conditions for the development of innovative businesses
- With transport accessibility and availability of basic services
- With rich community life and inhabitants with bonds to the territory

## WHAT DO ALL THE TERRITORIES NEED...

## Quality planning of regional development



- Coordinating strategic and spatial planning
- Reflecting the territorial dimension in sectoral policies
- Developing smart solutions in public administration



## PROPOSED DEFINITION OF TERRITORIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF RDS 21+

In Czechia, there are thriving regions constituted by metropolitan areas, agglomerations of European importance, regional centres as well as rural areas.

However, there are also regions affected by heavy industry and mining as well as territories at risk of economic or social problems.

